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## GROUP RESILIENCE: building for the long haul

### Stage 1: Identify Desired Results

#### Established Goals

1. Understand how to determine current strengths and gaps in a core leadership group;
2. Understand how to create different levels of opportunity/engagement to bring in (new) volunteers;
3. Understand how internal/group culture impacts the ability of volunteers to stay engaged (and how to disrupt dominant culture that can be a barrier for participation);
4. How to determine the best type of group governance structure based on values and needs; and
5. Reflect on self-care strategies and how to make sure to create space for tension, misgivings, assumptions, (unconscious) beliefs and strengths.

#### Enduring Understandings

##### *Participants will understand ...*

- A. How to determine gaps in lived experiences represented in a core leadership group;
- B. How to bring in new perspectives and experiences through advisory committees and how to make advisory structures more integral to core leadership;
- C. What internal culture is, and how it impacts whether, and which, people feel included;
- D. The pros and cons of different types of group governance structures
- E. How to incorporate self-care throughout a process.

#### Essential Questions

##### *Participants will seek deeper understanding through considering...*

- A. What are the strengths and gaps in my current core leadership group?
- B. What levels of volunteer opportunity does my project have, and how can I create greater engagement?
- C. Can a structure of advisory committee(s) bring in new/more lived experiences?
- D. How do I create space/culture to bring in wide and representative perspectives and lived experiences?
- E. Is the current group governance structure best for our project, given our values and needs?
- F. How do I incorporate self-care and avoid burn-out?

#### *As a result of this track, participants will be able to...*

1. Survey their core group to determine strengths and gaps in their leadership team;
2. Assess group culture and understand barriers and opportunities;
3. Develop different levels of engagement (including advisory committees) that open pathways for new volunteers to get involved;
4. Choose the best group governance structure for their project;
5. Define what self-care looks like and how to avoid burnout.

***Adapted From***— Wiggins & McTighe, *Understanding by Design*